

Unified Controller nv Series Product Application Guide

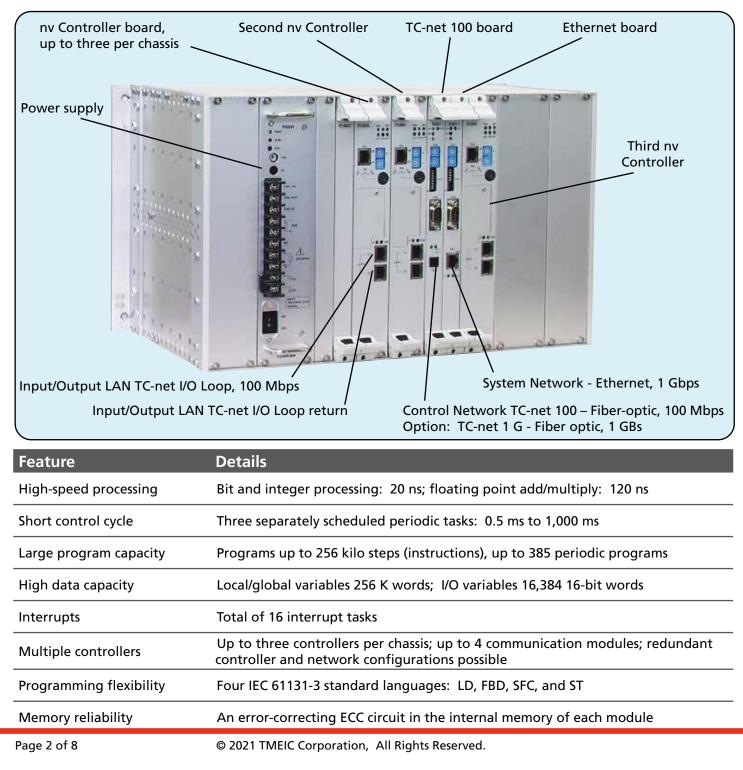




Unified Controller nv Series

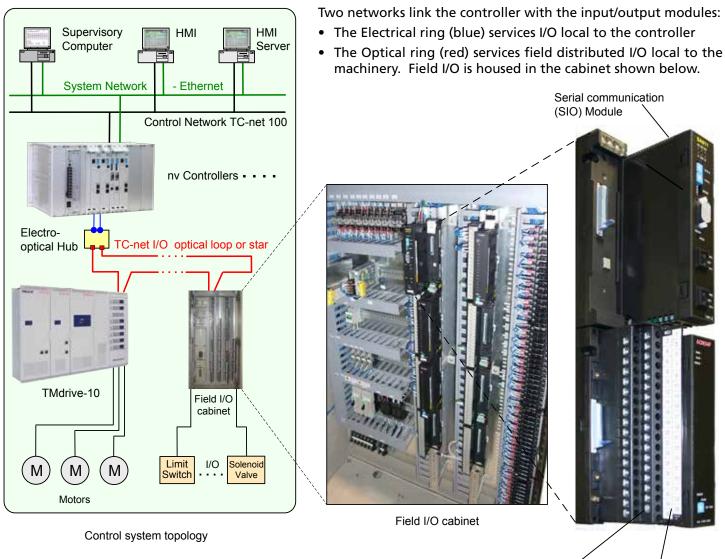
Toshiba's latest industrial controller, the Unified nv Series controller, is a big step beyond the existing V series used in industry around the world. The capabilities include high-speed logic, sequencing, motor speed control, and continuous control. Highspeed I/O communication uses the industry's first 100 Mbps fault tolerant ring network "TC-net I/O", linking remote, field mounted I/O. The main features of this powerful controller are:

- Fault tolerant ring 100 Mbps I/O communication
- Enhanced speed by direct execution of IEC standard control languages in ASIC hardware
- Higher reliability using redundant modules, and error checking and correcting ECC memory
- Gigabit supervisory control network



Field Mounted I/O

To reduce hundreds of long wiring runs between the electrical room and the machinery, the nv controller features field mountable I/O modules communicating with the controller over an optical loop. Using this approach, wiring material and labor costs can be greatly reduced. To protect the modules against conditions close to the machinery, the enclosure is rated IP54, which gives protection against dust, vibration, water splash and drips. Field I/O is housed in cabinets like the one shown below.



Field wiring terminals

Field Enclosure. The typical field enclosure is 1200 mm wide, 2100 mm high, and 600 mm deep. The enclosure contains the circuit breakers, power supplies and other components on the left hand side, and the DIN-rail mounted I/O modules on the right. The enclosure is rated IP54. Other sizes are available to suit the application, such as pedestal or wall mount.

Electric Room Enclosure. This is the same size enclosure used for the field I/O, but with electric TC-net I/O cabling to the SIO modules. An optical interface is used if cabling distance requires one. Controller arrangements can be made for up to three CPUs. This enclosure rating is IP20.

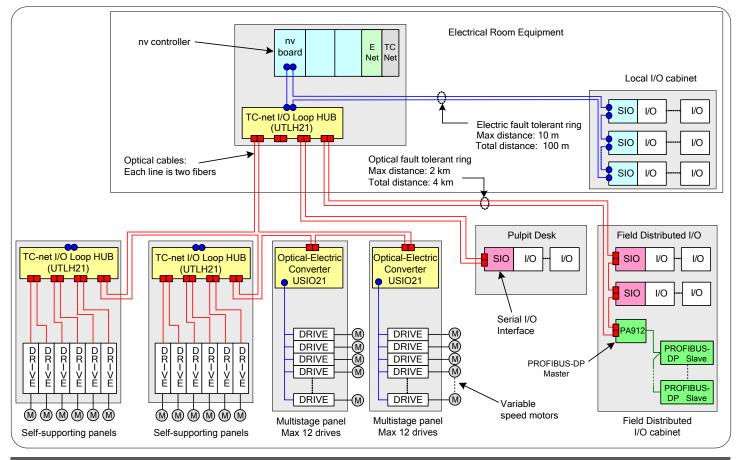
IO Module



I/O Communications over TC-net I/O

The nv series I/O modules can be mounted in the electrical room or remotely, adjacent to the machinery or process. TC-net I/O communication with the local I/O is over an electrical Cat5e fault tolerant ring (shown in blue), which connects to electrical serial I/O modules (SIO). Field mounted I/O is connected using fault tolerant optical rings (shown in red), which connect to optical SIOs, while the drives typically use an optical converter or hub, (shown in yellow).

Large drives such as the cabinet-mounted TMdrive-10e2, 30, 50, and 70 are connected in star configuration to a hub device. Smaller TMdrive-10e2 family drives mounted in multistage panels share an electrical multidrop cable using an optical-electrical converter mounted in the drive panel. Other communication networks such as Modbus and Profibus (shown in green) can communicate over TC-net I/O using special modules.



TC-net I/O Features	Details			
Тороlоду	Fault tolerant rings, each cable has a transmit and receive wire or fiber. Any lo connection can be severed without loss of communication			
Data rate	Transmission and reception at 100 Mbps			
Number of interfaces	32 SIO interfaces per loop plus up to 200 drives per controller			
Serial interfaces, SIO	Electrical SA911; Optical SA912; Profibus DP Master PA912 (optical); Modbus RTU MD911-M			
Number of modules	16 I/O modules per SIO interface			
Scan cycle	High-speed scan: 100µsec or more; medium speed scan: 1 ms or more			
Cable length	Electrical distance between nodes 10 m (32 ft.); optical distance 2 km (6,550 ft)			
Cable type	Electrical cable is category 5 shielded twisted pair; optical cable is GI 50/125			

© 2021 TMEIC Corporation, All Rights Reserved.

Input/Output I/O Module Family

The the table below shows a partial list of I/O modules with brief specifications. Rack mount versions are also available.



I/O Module dimensions: W 35 mm (1.377 in) H 185 mm (7.28 in) D 95 mm (3.74 in)

Module and Base dimensions: W 92 mm (3.62 in) H 200 mm (7.87 in) D 115 mm (4.53 in)

External Power Supply: 24 Vdc



Serial I/O Communication Module Communicates with up to 16 I/O modules

Optical SA912 and electrical SA911 versions available

Redundant serial I/O interfaces are on option

Module	Name	Channels	Input-Output	Description	Accuracy	Speed
Discrete Input	DI934T DI943S DI944 DI936 DI937 IN954 IN956 IN966	32 32 16 16 32 16 16 16	24 Vdc 24 Vdc 48 Vdc 12/24 Vdc 24 Vdc AC/DC 100/120V AC/DC 100/120V 200/240 Vac	8 ma 5.2 ma with strobe 2.5 ma 9.6 ma, independent pts 9.6 ma, contact input 10.2 mA (100 Vac-50Hz)/13.6 mA(110Vac-60Hz) 15 mA (100 Vac)/2.3 mA (110 Vac) 10 ma (at 200 Vac-50 Hz)		
Discrete Out	DO934 DO934P DO936 DO933P	32 32 16 16	12-24 Vdc 12-24 Vdc 24 Vdc 24 Vdc	100 ma sink output 100 ma source output 2.0 A sink out, isolation 2A protected source	 	< 1ms < 1ms < 1ms
Analog Input	AI929D AI938 AI928	16 8 8	0-20 mA ±10 V 0-20 ma	Non isolated Transformer isolation Transformer isolation	14 bits, 0.1% S+13 bits, 0.2% 14 bits, 0.2%	50ms/16 ch. 0.5ms 0.5ms/8 ch.
Thermocouple Resistance TD	TC919 RT918C RT918	16 8 8	Thermocouples Pt100; JPt100 Pt100; JPt100	Type B, R, S, J, K, T, E Platinum RTD Platinum RTD, isolated	0.1% ±0.1%CJC ±1% ±0.1%	0.8s/16 ch. 0.8s/8 ch. 0.8s/8 ch.
Analog Output	AO928F AO938 AO934F AO954F	8 4 4	0-20 ma -10 to 10 V -10 to 10 V -10ma to 10ma	Insulated channels Non-insulated Insulated channels Insulated channels	16 bits, 0.1% 13 bits, 0.1% 15 bits, 0.1% 15 bits, 0.1%	1 ms/8 ch. 5 ms/8 ch. 0.175ms/4 ch. 0.175ms/4 ch.
Pulse Output	PI918 PI924 PI934 PI964	8 4 4 4	12/24 V 12/24 V RS485 input 12/24 V	Gated inputs 50 kHZ Bipulse input, up-down, 50 kHz Up/Dn:2.6 MHz, A-Quad-B:650kHz Versatile A-Quad-B, 50 kHz	 	
Resolver Input	AB932J AB933J AB934J AB932N AB933N AB934N AB935N AB936N	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	Poscoder Poscoder Linear sensor NSD Abscoder NSD Abscoder NSD Linear Abs JCC Line resolv JCC Line resolv	Single-turn encoder Multi-turn encoder Resolver type linear encoder Single turn encoder Multi-turn encoder Linear encoder Linear encoder, High resolution Linear encoder, Medium resolution		
Linear Sensor	TP912M	2	MTS Temposonics sensor	Up to 25-bit data	_	—
Modbus	MD911- M MD911-S		Modbus-RTU Modbus-RTU	Master module Slave module	_	
Profibus	PA912		Profibus-DP	Master module	—	—

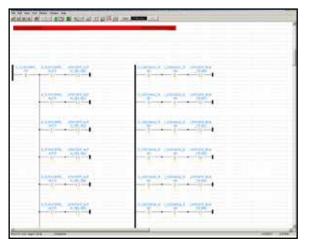
© 2021 TMEIC Corporation, All Rights Reserved.



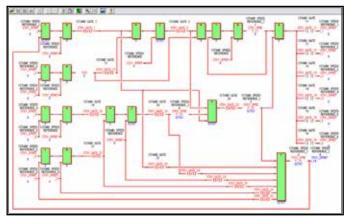
Controller Programming

Engineering Tool - choose from four International Standard Programming Languages

The Engineering Tool software for the nv Series controller provides four IEC-61131-3 standard programming languages: Ladder Diagrams (LD), Function Block Diagrams (FBD), Sequential Function Charts (SFC), and Structured Text (ST). The first three can be mixed in the same program and displayed on the same screen.

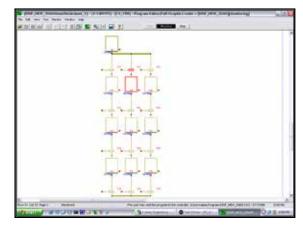


Ladder Diagrams LD is the preferred programming language for logic control and sequencing. It shows relay circuit contacts and coils, and indicates power flow using color to allow easy test and debug of logic circuits before actual use.

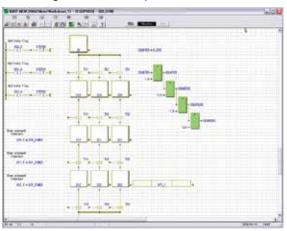


Function Block Diagrams - FBDs are a familiar graphical control representation using function blocks containing sections of logic or analog control for easy manipulation and connection. Custom control blocks can be kept for reuse. Features include high density notations, line crossing and skip, and return lines.

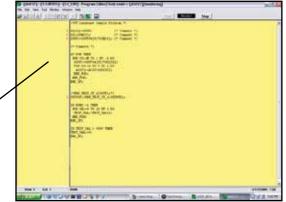
> **Structured Text Language** - ST allows difficult applications not easily programmed with LDs, SFCs, or FBDs to be handled with languages, such as Visual Basic or C. Note that Structured Text cannot be mixed with the other three languages.



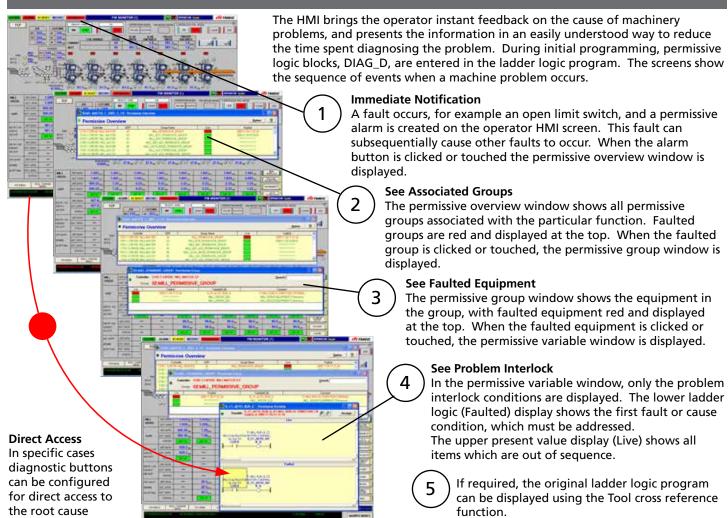
Sequential Function Charts - SFC charts show the control flow and the action unit, which shows the action performed at each step, and the transition condition unit, which shows the conditions for advancing to the next step.



Mix all three programs on one screen. Using all the graphical programs offers the best programming convenience.



Operator Accessible Machine Diagnostic Displays



TMEIC's Library of Control Modules

Engineering Tool contains project-specific control modules developed over 50 years of mill experience. A few are listed here.

Hot Mill and Cold Mill Function Blocks

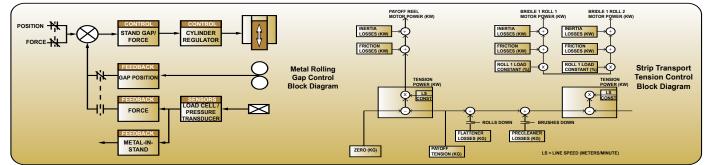
- Hydraulic Gap Control
- Gauge Control
- Coiler Automatic Jump Control
- Hydraulic/Electric Interstand Looper Control
- Cold Mill Interstand Tension Control

Process Lines Function Blocks

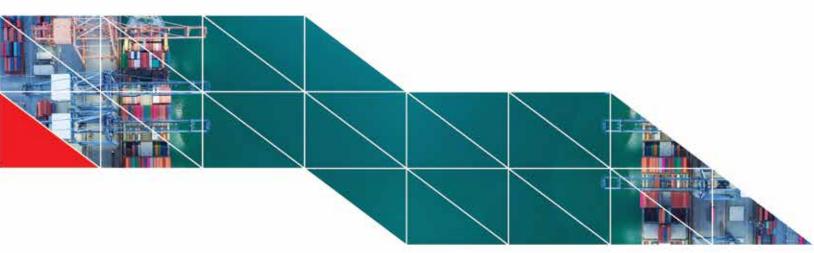
- Zone Tension control
- Loop Car/Tower control
- Coiler Sequencing control

All-Purpose Function Blocks

- Position Regulator
- Special PID
- Coiler Sequencing Control



© 2021 TMEIC Corporation, All Rights Reserved.



About TMEIC

A Global Network

TMEIC is built on the combined and proud heritage of Toshiba and Mitsubishi-Electric in the industrial automation, control and drive systems business. TMEIC's global business employs more than 2,200 employees, with sales exceeding U.S. \$2.4 billion, and specializes in Metals, Oil & Gas, Material Handling, Utilities, Cement, Mining, Paper and other industrial markets.

TMEIC Corporation, headquartered in Roanoke, Virginia, designs, develops and engineers advanced automation and variable frequency drive systems, and is home to our Global Center of Excellence for Crane Systems

TMEIC delivers high quality advanced systems and products to factories worldwide, while serving as a global solutions partner to contribute to the growth of our customers.





TMEIC Corporation Americas | Roanoke, Virginia | Houston, Texas | WWW.TMEIC.COM

All specifications in this document are subject to change without notice. This brochure is provided free of charge and without obligation to the reader or to TMEIC. TMEIC does not accept, nor imply, the acceptance of any liability with regard to the use of the information provided. TMEIC provides the information included herein as is and without warranty of any kind, express or implied, including, but not limited to, any implied statutory warranty of merchantability or fitness for particular purposes. The information is provided to leave a general reference to the potential benefits that may be attributable to the technology discussed. Individual results may vary. Independent analysis and testing of each application is required to determine the results and benefits to be achieved from the technology discussed.